# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

TIMBERCARE ID SANDING SEALER - CLEAR



# IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/ **UNDERTAKING**

Identification of the substance or mixture

**Product name** : TIMBERCARE ID SANDING SEALER - CLEAR

**Product code** : FJ-IW360C001 **Chemical name** : Not available. : Not available. **Synonyms Chemical formula** : Not applicable. **CAS** number : Not applicable.

Company/undertaking identification

**Manufacturer** : Asian Paints (SP) Ltd

PO Box 694, Tavakubu

Lautoka FIJI ISLANDS

**Supplier** : Asian Paints (SP) Ltd

PO Box 694, Tavakubu

Lautoka FIJI ISLANDS

e-mail address of person

responsible for this SDS

: contact.fiji@apcocoatings.com

**Emergency telephone** number (with hours of

operation)

: Fiji (679) 6662799 / 6662807

#### HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification : Highly flammable, Toxic : R11- Highly flammable. Risk phrases

R61- May cause harm to the unborn child.

R20/21- Also harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin. R48/20- Also harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure

through inhalation.

R36/38- Irritating to eyes and skin.

Physical/chemical hazards : Highly flammable.

**Human health hazards** : May cause harm to the unborn child. Also harmful by inhalation and in contact with

skin. Also harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure

through inhalation. Irritating to eyes and skin.

**Additional hazards** : None known.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### **COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS** 3.

Substance/preparation : Mixture

Ingredient name	CAS number	<b>%</b>
toluene	108-88-3	15 - 30
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	5 - 15
butanone	78-93-3	5 - 15
xylene	1330-20-7	5 - 15
2-methylpropan-1-ol	78-83-1	5 - 15
xylene	1330-20-7	5 - 15
Propan-2-ol	67-63-0	1 - 5
dibutyl phthalate	84-74-2	1 - 5
zinc distearate	557-05-1	1 - 5

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

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# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

#### Inhalation

: Get medical attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

#### Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### **Skin contact**

: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

#### Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

#### Extinguishing media

Suitable

: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO<sub>2</sub>, powders, water spray.

Not suitable

: Do not use water jet.

Special exposure hazards

: Highly flammable liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

# Hazardous thermal decomposition products

 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
nitrogen oxides
metal oxide/oxides

# Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### **Personal precautions**

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

#### **Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods for cleaning up

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## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### **Small spill**

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### **Handling**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

#### **Storage**

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### **Exposure limit values**

n-butyl acetate

butanone

xylene

Ingredient name

Occupational exposure limits

toluene

EU OEL (Europe, 12/2009), Abs

EU OEL (Europe, 12/2009). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

TWA: 192 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 384 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012).

TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.

EU OEL (Europe, 12/2009). Notes: list of indicative

occupational exposure limit values

TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 600 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 900 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

EU OEL (Europe, 12/2009). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list

of indicative occupational exposure limit values

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012).

#### 2-methylpropan-1-ol

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## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 152 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

kylene EU OEL (Europe, 12/2009). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list

of indicative occupational exposure limit values

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Propan-2-ol ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012).

TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012).

TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

zinc distearate ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012).

TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total particulate mass

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 560 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 11/2006).

TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.

CEIL: 300 ppm

AMP: 500 ppm 10 minutes.

NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013).

TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 375 mg/m³ 10 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 560 mg/m³ 15 minutes. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012).

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 710 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 950 mg/m³ 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013).

TWA: 150 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 710 mg/m³ 10 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 950 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012).

TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.

OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010).

TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 710 mg/m³ 8 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012).

TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 590 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 885 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
TWA: 590 mg/m³ 8 hours.
STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes.
STEL: 885 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013).

TWA: 200 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 590 mg/m³ 10 hours. STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 885 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010).

TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 590 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012).

n-Butyl acetate

dibutyl phthalate

Toluene

butanone

xylene

## EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 651 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 655 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010).

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

2-methylpropan-1-ol (Isobutanol)

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012).

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 152 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 150 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013).

TWA: 50 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 150 mg/m3 10 hours.

OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010).

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 300 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012).

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 651 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 655 mg/m3 15 minutes.

OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

TWA: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012).

TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes.

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 980 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 1225 mg/m3 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013).

TWA: 400 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 980 mg/m3 10 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 1225 mg/m3 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010).

TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 980 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

Dibutyl phthalate

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012).

TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013).

TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.

OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010).

TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction

TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013).

TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: Respirable fraction

TWA: 10 mg/m3 10 hours. Form: Total

Propan-2-ol

**Xylene** 

zinc distearate

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#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010).

TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction

TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012).

TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total particulate mass

# Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **Exposure controls**

# Occupational exposure controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### **Hygiene measures**

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### **Respiratory protection**

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

# **Hand protection**

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

# **Eye protection**

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

#### **Skin protection**

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

# **Environmental exposure controls**

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

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# PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**Physical state** : Liquid.

Odor Not available. Not available. **Odor threshold** pН Not available. **Boiling point** Not available. **Melting point** Not available.

Flash point Closed cup: -9.15°C (15.5°F)

Vapor pressure : Not available. **Solubility** Not available. Vapor density Not available. **Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available. **Density** : 0.93 g/cm<sup>3</sup> **Flammability** : Not available.

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

: No known incompatibility Materials to avoid

# **TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### Potential acute health effects

Inhalation Harmful by inhalation. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health

hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.

Ingestion : Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

Skin contact : Harmful in contact with skin. Irritating to skin.

**Eye contact** : Irritating to eyes.

#### Potential chronic health effects

# **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name toluene	Result Eyes - Mild irritant	Species Rabbit	Score -	Exposure 0.5 minutes 100	Observation -
	From Mild irritant	Dobbit		milligrams 870	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	Micrograms	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Pig	-	24 hours 250 microliters	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	435 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
n-butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
butanone	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 14 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 microliters	-
	Skin - Moderate	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-

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# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

	irritant			milligrams	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 Percent	-
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 microliters	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 Percent	-
Propan-2-ol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	10 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
	T				

Product name	Carcinogenic effects	•	Developmental effects	Fertility effects
toluene dibutyl phthalate			Repr. Cat. 3; R63 Repr. Cat. 2; R61	Repr. Cat. 3; R62

Chronic effects : Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through

inhalation.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Teratogenicity**: May cause birth defects.

Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Denmark Carcinogen list** : Contains a substance or substances listed under National Working Environment

Authorities Executive Order 908/2005.

## Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Eyes** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation watering redness

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Aquatic ecotoxicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

**Bioaccumulative potential** 

Product/ingredient name LogPow BCF Potential

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION						
toluene	2.73	8.317637711	low			
n-butyl acetate	1.78	-	low			
butanone	0.3	-	low			
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low			
2-methylpropan-1-ol	0.76	-	low			
xylene	3.16	8.1 to 25.9	low			
Propan-2-ol	0.05	-	low			
dibutyl phthalate	4.5	165.958690743	high			
zinc distearate	1.2	-	low			

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

31-08-2015.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Methods of disposal** 

Other adverse effects

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: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste product residues should not be disposed of via the sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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# 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### International transport regulations

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
ADR/RID Class	UN1993	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Toluene, n- Butyl acetate)	3	II	<b>1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3</b>	Special provisions 640 (C) Tunnel code (D/E)
ADN/ADNR Class	UN1993	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Toluene, n- Butyl acetate)	3	II	<b>1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1</b>	-
IMDG Class	UN1993	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Toluene, n- Butyl acetate). Marine pollutant (Toluene, xylene)	3	II	<b>1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 3 3 3 3 3 4 3 3 3 3 4 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3</b>	-
IATA Class	UN1993	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Toluene, n- Butyl acetate)	3	II		-

PG\* : Packing group

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# 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Hazard symbol or symbols



Highly flammable, Toxic

Risk phrases : R11- Highly flammable.

R61- May cause harm to the unborn child.

R20/21- Also harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin.

R48/20- Also harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure

through inhalation.

R36/38- Irritating to eyes and skin.

Safety phrases : S53- Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

S2- Keep out of the reach of children.

S36/37- Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves.

S46- If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or

label.

Contains : toluene

dibutyl phthalate

Product use : Consumer applications.

### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)





**History** 

Date of printing : 31-08-2015.

Date of issue/ Date of : 31-08-2015.

revision

Date of previous issue : No previous validation.

Version : 1

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Disclaimer**

Information contained in this material safety data sheet is believed to be reliable and given in good faith, but no representation, guarantee or warranties of any kind are made as to its accuracy, suitability for a particular application or results to be obtained from them.

The user of this material decides what safety measures are necessary to safely use this material, either alone or in combination with other materials.

Asian Paints Limited makes no warranties expressed or implied in respect of the adequacy of this document for any particular purpose.

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